#### **Recitation: Graph Neural Networks**

- Quickly review GCN message passing process
- Graph Convolution layer forward
- Graph Convolution layer backward
- GCN code example

#### Key idea: Node's neighborhood defines a computation graph



**CNN: pixel convolution** 

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**GNN:** graph convolution

> Learning a node feature by propagating and aggregating neighbor information!

> Node embedding can be defined by local network neighborhoods!

# Key idea: Generate node embedding based on local network neighborhoods

Considering 1 step of feature aggregation of the nearest neighbor



# Key idea: Generate node embedding based on local network neighborhoods

Target node

Considering 1 step of feature aggregation of the nearest neighbor



Now B have the information from it's first nearest neighbors

# Key idea: Generate node embedding based on local network neighborhoods



Considering 1 step of feature aggregation of the nearest neighbor



Also we don't want to lose information from B itself

#### Key idea: Generate node embedding based on local network neighborhoods Considering 2 steps of feature aggregation

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# Key idea: Generate node embedding based on local network neighborhoods

How to process and mix the information from neighbor?





## Key idea: Generate node embedding based on local network neighborhoods

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# Key idea: Generate node embedding based on local network neighborhoods

During a single Graph Convolution layer, we apply the feature aggregation to every node in the graph at the same time (T)



#### Math for a single layer of graph convolution



#### Matrix form for a single layer of graph convolution



We stack multiple  $h_v^t(1 \times F)$  together into  $H^t(N \times F)$ 

#### Matrix form for a single layer of graph convolution

$$(\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \qquad (\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \qquad (\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \\ h_{v}^{t+1} = \sigma \left( W_{k} \sum_{u \in N(v)} \frac{h_{u}^{t}}{|N(v)|} + B_{k} h_{v}^{t} \right), \forall t \in (0, \dots, T-1)$$

![](_page_12_Figure_3.jpeg)

#### Matrix form for a single layer of graph convolution

$$(1 \times F) \qquad (1 \times F) \qquad (1 \times F) h_{v}^{t+1} = \sigma \left( W_{k} \sum_{u \in N(v)} \frac{h_{u}^{t}}{|N(v)|} + B_{k} h_{v}^{t} \right), \forall t \in (0, \dots, T-1)$$

![](_page_13_Figure_3.jpeg)

#### Matrix form for a single layer of graph convolution

$$(\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \qquad (\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \qquad (\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \\ h_{v}^{t+1} = \sigma \left( W_{k} \sum_{u \in N(v)} \frac{h_{u}^{t}}{|N(v)|} + B_{k} h_{v}^{t} \right), \forall t \in (0, \dots, T-1)$$

![](_page_14_Figure_3.jpeg)

#### Why put $W^T$ on the right hand site of $H^t$ ?

Why not left? With a shape of  $(N \times N)$ ?

#### Matrix form for a single layer of graph convolution

![](_page_15_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_3.jpeg)

#### Matrix form for a single layer of graph convolution

$$(\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \qquad (\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \qquad (\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \\ h_{v}^{t+1} = \sigma \left( W_{k} \sum_{u \in N(v)} \frac{h_{u}^{t}}{|N(v)|} + B_{k} h_{v}^{t} \right), \forall t \in (0, \dots, T-1)$$

Ν

(1 ...

![](_page_16_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Figure_5.jpeg)

**Seems like nothing goes**  $H^t(N \times F)$  wrong, the result matrix shape is still  $(N \times F)$ ? No, it's wrong, because we are still mixing information among different nodes, which has the same function with adjacent matrix, feature within node does not receive any mixing 17

F

#### Matrix form for a single layer of graph convolution

![](_page_17_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### Matrix form for a single layer of graph convolution

$$(\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \qquad (\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \qquad (\mathbf{1} \times \mathbf{F}) \\ h_{v}^{t+1} = \sigma \left( W_{k} \sum_{u \in N(v)} \frac{h_{u}^{t}}{|N(v)|} + B_{k} h_{v}^{t} \right), \forall t \in (0, \dots, T-1)$$

![](_page_18_Figure_3.jpeg)

В

![](_page_19_Figure_0.jpeg)

Self loop adjacent matrix is a diagonal matrix!

# 

#### Now let's rewrite the scalar form above into matrix form

![](_page_20_Figure_3.jpeg)

### 

 $H^{t+1} = \sigma(D^{-1}\widehat{A}H^{t'}W'^{T})$ 

![](_page_21_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Figure_4.jpeg)

#### A single layer of GNN: Graph Convolution-Forward Matrix form for a single layer of graph convolution В $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{(1 \times F)} & \textbf{(1 \times F)} \\ h_{v}^{t+1} = \sigma \left( W_{k} \sum_{u \in N(v)} \frac{h_{u}^{t}}{|N(v)|} + B_{k} h_{v}^{t} \right), \forall t \in (0, \dots, T-1) \end{array}$ Forward equation for GCN $(N \times N)$ $H^{t+1} = \sigma(D^{-1}\widehat{A}H^{t'}W'^{T})$ $A(N \times N)$ $A'(N \times N)$ $\widehat{A}(N \times N)$ BCDEF BCDEF Α ABCDE Α F Α Α Α В В В **+**<sup>℃′</sup> С D D D Ε Ε Ε 23 F F F

GCN Backwards:  $H^{t+1} = 6(D'AH^{t'}W^{T})$  $4x^{2} 4x^{3}\overline{3x^{2}} \xrightarrow{\partial L} \chi = \chi W \xrightarrow{\partial Y} \chi H nown \xrightarrow{\partial L} \chi \xrightarrow$  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial w^{T}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial Y^{T}} \times \underbrace{\partial F}_{T} = \underbrace{\partial L}_{T} \times \underbrace{\partial F}_{T} = \underbrace{\partial L}_{T} \times \underbrace{\lambda}_{T} \\ \frac{\partial V}{\partial y^{T}} = \underbrace{\partial V}_{T} \times \underbrace{\lambda}_{T} = \underbrace{\partial V}_{T} \times \underbrace{\lambda}_{T} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^{T}} = \underbrace{(\partial L}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T})^{T} = \underbrace{(\partial L}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \underbrace{\lambda}_{T} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^{T}} = \underbrace{(\partial L}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T})^{T} = \underbrace{(\partial L}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^{T}} = \underbrace{(\partial L}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^{T}} = \underbrace{(\partial L}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^{T}} \underbrace{V}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \\ \frac{\partial V}{\partial w^{T}} = \underbrace{(\partial L}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w^{T}} \underbrace{V}_{T} \underbrace{V}_{T} \\ \frac{\partial V}{\partial w^{T}} \underbrace{V}_{T}$ 

H<sup>ttl</sup> = 6 (f<sup>-1</sup>A(H<sup>t</sup>W<sup>1</sup>)) n: # nodes n×n n×n n×f f×f f: # node features n: # nodes n×n Let  $\tilde{H} = D'\tilde{A}H^{t}w^{T}$ Let  $H_0 = H^{e'} W^T \frac{\partial L}{\partial H^{e'}} \frac{\partial L}{\partial W^T}$ Httl 6 M 2 H + Ht nxf Httl 6 H 2 NXf W T NXN NXN D'A D'A NXN NXN NXN D'A  $O \frac{\partial L}{\partial H} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial H} O \frac{\partial H^{t+1}}{\partial H}$  $\partial \frac{\partial L}{\partial H_{o}} = (\mathcal{F}_{A}^{T}) \widetilde{H}.$  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial H} = \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial H} \times D^{-1}A\right)^{T}$  $\Im H_{\delta} = H^{t} W^{T}$  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial H^{t}} = \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial H^{T}} \times (\overline{D}^{-1} \overline{A})\right)^{T} \times W'$  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial W^{T}} = \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial M} \times (0^{-1} A) \times H^{t'}\right)^{T}$