

CTC Decoding

Greedy Search, Exhaustive Search, Beam Search

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Greedy Search

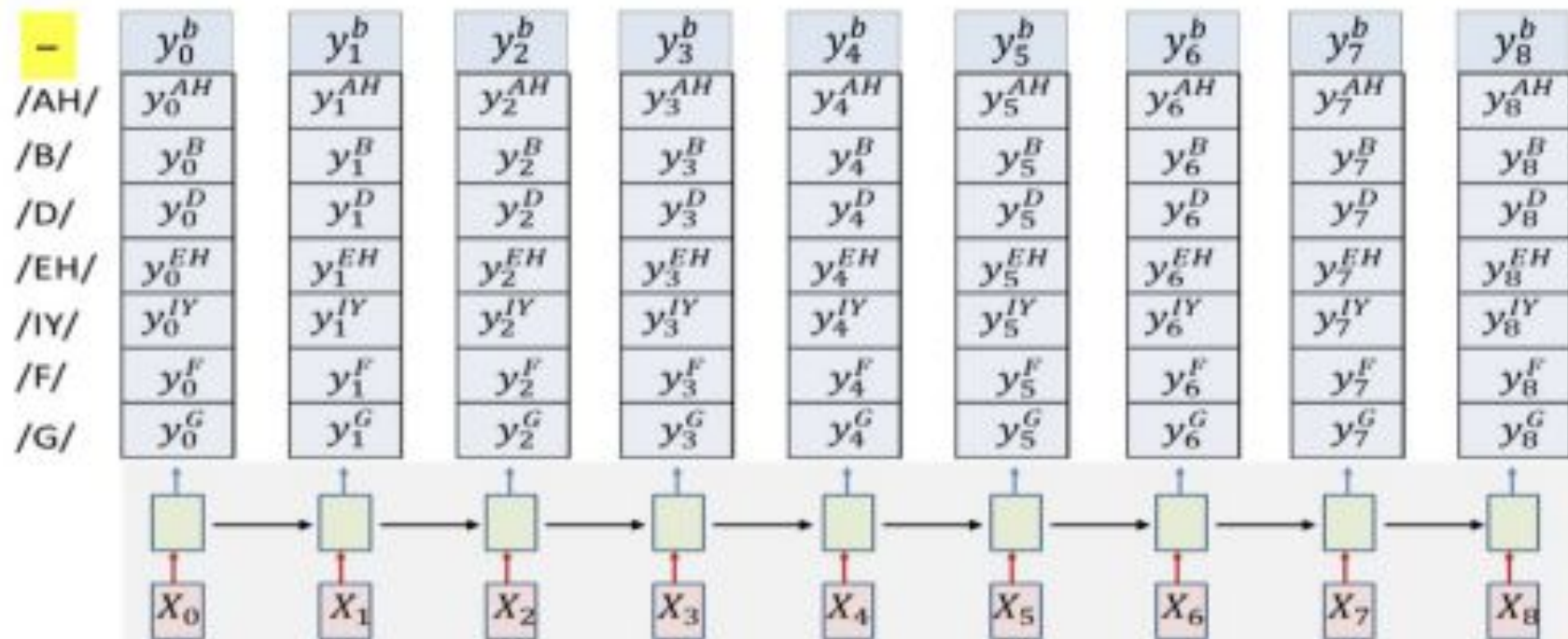
- Greedy Search is an easy-to-implement option for CTC decoding at inference time
- Greedy Search simply selects the most probable time step at each time-step
- Although this method is easy to implement and fast, it has the disadvantage of missing out on high-probability (score) overall paths due to its greedy search

Exhaustive Search

- An alternative to the “short-sighted” Greedy Search, we can conduct a search over all possible paths, and then select the best possible output
- This method will guarantee decoding an optimal path / sequence
- The disadvantage is that Exhaustive Search will be exponential in output symbol sequences, and hence is not a feasible option

Beam Search - The Middle Ground

- To have better decoding than Greedy Search, but keep the method feasible at the same time, we can choose to “explore” top-k paths at each time-step
- By exploring more than one most-probable output sequences at each time-step, we will reach a sub-optimal path that is likely to be better than the Greedy Search strategy
- By limiting our exploration options to a specific Beam Width - k, we also ensure that the computation is tractable, as opposed to the Exhaustive Search strategy



Let's use some actual values

